GENERAL GARY DISMISSED.

TIME CON'S DECISION REGARDED AS OF GREAT IMPORTANCE-A STATEMENT FROM A CIVIL.

SERVICE COMMISSIONER. ungton. Sept. 14 - Judge Cox, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, to-day dismissed the bill of complaint of John G. Woods, superintendent of mails at Louisville, praying that Post-master-General Gary and Assistant Postmaster-General Heath be enjoined from removing him from office. The case has been considered a test of the power of removal, and the delivery of the opinion few to the courtroom many officials, including members of the Civil Service Commission.

Judge Cox's decision was an elaborate review of the law hearing on removals of Federal employes. He held at the outset that it was not within the power of a court of equily to grant relief in matters of appointment and removal from office. Then taking up the merits of the case, he said that it was settled law that the power of removal was incident to the power of appointment, and that both could be exercised by the head of a department in refer-ence to subordinate officials. Concerning the Civil Service law, Judge Cox held that it must not be construed to grant authority either to the Civil Service Commission or to the President to make rules contrary to the law itself or of a legislative character. He quoted with approval the decision of Justice Brewer that Congress could not delegate its power to legislate to any administrative body. He summed up the case as follows:

He summed up the case as follows:

The summed up the case as follows:

The simple inquiry is whether the rules invoked by the complainant, whether the President or the Commission or both be the authors of them, are such as the Civil Service act authorized to be established. In my judgment they are ultra vires and void. I have no doubt that the President may lay down rules for the internal policy of his Administration, and may require his chief executive officers, dependent unon his pleasure for their terms of office to conform to them or else to sever their official relations with him and in that sense the rules relied on by the complainant were within his political and executive authority. But the enforcement of such rules is a matter between the President and his Cabinet, and not a matter for the courts or one in which the complainant has any legal interest. All that I mean to state in this opinion is that the rules in question were not such as the Civil Service act authorizes and do not derive any efficacy from that set.

I know of nothing more important to the interests of the country than the policy which the Civil Service legislation was intended to initiate and province legislation.

he country than the policy which the Civil Ser-legislation was intended to initiate and pro-e, and it is perhaps a master of great regret the act of January 16, 1885 (the Civil Service has not gone further than it does. It is my to construe it as it is

note, and the act of January 16, 1888 the control that the act of January 16, 1888 the construct it as it is.

To sum up, I conclude that, apart from the Civil Service act, the Posimaster-General has the authority to remove the complainant from office at his pleasure; that this act makes no change in this respect, except to forbid removals for refusal to contribute to partisan objects; that the power given to the Commission and the President to establish rules to carry that act into effect does not authorize any rule which shall make a change in the law in this respect, and consequently that, even if this Court had jurisdiction in a case like the present one, the complainant is not entitled to the relief prayed.

It is probable that an appeal will be taken from h is probable that an appeal will be taken from

the decision, and it is said that ultimately the United States Supreme Court will be asked to pass the question involved. That the Civil Service Commission does not re

gard the decision of Judge Cox as inimical to the service is indicated by the following statement made by one of the members of that body

made by one of the members of that body:

The opinion of Judge Cox in no way affects the binding character of the President's order upon all officers of the service. The President has authority inherent in his office to make removals. The interest was that the appointing officer in making removals should be put on record as to the grounds of his action and give the accused an opportunity to be heard in his own defence. It was deemed that this action would prevent removals from other causes than the good of the service. Such an order does not in the least impair the power of discipline nor impede the proper exercise of the power of removal. It simply serves as a check upon the appointing officer who acts from political or less with sole regard to the best interests of the sorvice will deem it but just to the public and to the employe affected that a record as these that has given opportunity to the critics of the Civil Service has described in the public and to the employe affected that a record so these charman action of the public service have been made mainly for political reasons. The fact is that the majority of removals have been made for perfectly proper reasons, but because these reasons were not put upon record different Administrations have exposed themselves to much unjust criticism. The practice of making a record of the reasons for removals has existed for many years in some parts of the service, with highly beneficial results, and the new order merely makes this practice many employes have been removed for political reasons, because no reason was required to be given by those in authority. In requiring feasons hencefort to be given, the new order will, it is believed, largely check this abuse.

retary Roosevelt has ordered that turrets be fired across the deck of the ship. This never has been done, and Mr. Roosevelt regards it as expedient to settle at once all doubt that may exist as to the ability of the ship to resist this severe strain, which may be imposed in battle. The turrets of the Texas are arranged disgonally, with exist as to the ability of the ship to resist this se-vere strain, which may be imposed in battle. The turrets of the Texas are arranged diagonally, with the purpose of enabling all the guns to be fired either fore and aft or across the decks. The fore-and-aft fire has been tried, but the fear of start-ing the decks has caused the delay in testing the cross fire. Mr. Roosevelt will not be disappointed if this test develops some weakness, but it is de-sirable that this be ascertained positively, in or-der that steps may be taken to correct the fault, if one is found.

TO INVESTIGATE CAPTAIN CARTER'S WORK

A CHARGE THAT THE WAR DEPARTMENT PLANS WERE NOT POLLOWED.

Washington, Sept. 14.-The Secretary of War has appointed a Board of engineer officers composed of Colonel Gillespie, Major Adams and Major Raymond, to proceed at once to Savannah, Ga., to investigate teports that the work on the river and harbor improvements in Savannah River and Cumberland Sound, under the charge of Captain Oberlin M. Carter, of the Engineer Corps, has not been done in accordance with the plans of the Department. It is said at the War Department that there is no allegation of irregularity in the accounts of Captain Car-ter, but merely a charge of departure from the authorized plans of the Department. Captain Carter was in charge of the river and harbor works near Savannah for about ten years. In 1882 he assumed charge of the improvement of the Savannah River and Cumberland Sound, which Congress hal provided for under the continuous contract plan. It said at the War Department that he has secured

vided for under the continuous contract plan. It is said at the War Department that he has recurred the full depth of water at Savannah contemplated in the plan, white the Cumber and Sound project is still under way.

Captain Carter was appointed military attache at Lendon early in the present Administration, and subsequently was made the engineer member of the Nicaragua Canal Commission. At present he is in New-York, in attendance on the meeting of that body. The Chief of Engineers, General Wilson, learned of the charges of irregularity in the prosecution of the work while Captain Carter was on his way home to the United States from Stockholm, where he attended the International Engineers Congress as the representative of the United States. It was deemed proper to dafer bringing the matter to the attention of Secretary Alger until the officer had returned to this country and had an apportunity to meet the charges. So it was not until last Sarurday that Secretary Alger was made acquainted with the facts, Captain it are himself going to the Secretary's house, in company with General Wilson, for the purpose of taking over the matter. It should be said that the Captain emphatically denies that he has done anything that was not to the interest of the Government.

The Board appointed to inquire into the matter is composed of the abest men in the Tailoeer Corps. Colonel Gillespie is president of the Mississippi River Commission, stationed at New-York, Major Adams Fas for years the righthoud man of the Chief of Engineers at Washington and is also now stationed at New-York, while Major Eaymond has charge of the important works in Pennsylvania and the Delaware section.

NEW FOURTH-CLASS POSTMASTERS.

NEW FOURTH-CLASS POSTMASTERS.

Washington, Sept. 14.-Fourth-class posimisters to the number of 102 were appointed to-day. Some of the appointments were as follows:

New York-D. M. Keisey, Belleville, A. C. Col-well, Bethel; G. F. Demerree, Edenville; G. F. Cur-rey, Grahamsville; S. A. Delavan, Guilford, Daniel Wilcox, Port Crane; M. J. Oliver, Half Way, John Hopkins, Hyde Park; H. S. Clark, Mannsville; H. M. Selleck, Ontario, and M. C. Finney, Pierpont Manor.

Manor.

New Jersey-J. C. Thatcher, East Millstone, and
J. S. Corson, Palermo.

Connecticut—C. P. St. John, Ellsworth.

A MEDAL FOR A BROOKLYN MAN. Washington, Sept. 14.-A medal of honor has been twarded to James Webb, of No. 251 Livingston-st.,

Brooklyn, formerly a private in Company F, 5th New York Volunteers, for distinguished gallantry at the second battle of Bull Run, on August 31, 1862 DAGGETT TO MAKE THE POSTAL CARDS. Washington, Sept. 14.—On the recommendation of ard Assistant Postmaster-General Merritt, the ostmaster-General to-day awarded the contract he supplying postal cards for the four years be-

WOODS MAY BE REMOVED.

sinning December 1 to Albert Daggett, of Washington. Mr. Merritt had hoped to be able to have Mr. Daggett begin his contract with the new designs for the cards, but there has been so much delay in the preparation of the plates and dies that the old plates will have to be used on the first of the cards jurned out.

THE PHILADELPHIA COMING HOME.

HER CREW NEEDED TO MAN THE BALTIMORE FOR SERVICE AT HONOLULU.

Washington Sept. 14.-The Philadelphia, the flaxship of the Pacific station, now at Honolulu, is to ome home as soon as the necessary orders can reach her. This will leave the Bennington as the sole representative of the United States Navy at Honolulu until the Baltimore reaches that port It has been found necessary to adopt this course in order to get the crew to man the Baltimore in order to get the crew to man the Baltimore, which now lies at Mare Island Navy Yard, almost ready for sea. With the men secured from the Philadelphia by re-enlistment, it will be possible to man the Baltimore and send her back to the Hawalian Islands. At one time it was thought that would be necessary to send the battle-ship Oregon out for this purpose, but that plan was abandoned. As the Japanese cruiser Naniwa has left Honollul for Japan, it is believed that American interests are not imperilled by leaving only the Bennington there.

THE MACCORD CASE TO BE SETTLED.

MENTIONED IN THE MESSAGE OF THE PRES DENT OF PERU.

Washington, Sept. 14.-Mr. Neill, United States Minister to Peru, has sent to Secretary Sherman a copy of the message of the President of Peru, delivered on August 12. It makes the following reference to the MacCord case:

The Ramsay case has been honorably settled, and doubless the one relating to MacCord will be arranged satisfactorily, it having been confided to the immediate attebun of the legation recently accredited to Washington.

AMERICAN BUTTER IN LONDON.

SECRETARY WILSON RECEIVES A REPORT ON HIS THIRD EXPERIMENTAL SHIPMENT.

Washington, Sept. 14.-The Secretary of Agriculture has received complete reports on the third experimental shipment of butter to London by his Department. This consisted of a lot of Minnesota reamery butter in fifty-six-pound boxes and tube. and a lot of Massachusetts creamery in small tubs. family packages and fancy prints. The shipment was made in June. It cost 21's cents a pound to car ry the butter from Central Minnesota to London by | Dreibund the single ton, with the best refrigerator accom-modations all the way, except in short transfers. The transportation from Western Missachusetts costs somewhat more, because of the absfrigerator-car line to New-York and the necessity of paying expressage.

This butter was all placed by the Department's

frigerator-car line to New-York and the becessity of paying expressage.

This butter was all placed by the Department's agent in London in the hands of retail dealers. They paid from 15 to 19% cents a pound for 11, the same butter being then worth 15 cents in New-tork. The wholesale price of Danien butter was about 20 cents in London at that time. It was all retailed to consumers at 28, 25 and 25 cents a pound, mast of it at 26 cents. This was the same as the retail price of the best Danish, which leads the London market for saited butter. The retailers, on being convinced of the high quality of this butter, paid the same price for it in tubs as in the favorite Australian or cubical box.

Six different dealers took the Minnesota butter at a uniform price of 15 1.5 cents a pound. It cost

a uniform price of lk1-5 cents a pound. It cost about 15 cents delivered to these London dealers. The Massachusetts butter was of equal quality, and although some of it was sold to dealers at 19-2 cents, the small packages were not liked by the trade. This butter was worth 9 cents for local sale in the reignborhood where it was made. Thus, as in other cases, the Western creamery butter was sold at a larpost, over 2 cents a pound, while the New-England creamery butter sold for less than 4, would have brought at home. The London retailers margin for profit, 61-5 to 19 cents and about 7 cents on an average, was too great. The consumer paid twice as much for the Minnesota butter as the creamery in that State received for it, and the farmer who supplied the cream got less than two-fifths of what the butter cost the consumer.

Captain George W. Coffin, Lieutenant C. A. enins, Franciscans and Dominicans, besides twen Clarke, Lieutenant Ridgley Hunt and Assistant Pishops wearing the gargeous vestments of the These officers have been qualified for promotion Vaughan

these officers have to the next highest grade:
Commander F. E. Chadwick, Lieutenant-Commanders F. M. Symonds, E. P. Wood and F. M. Wise, Lieutenants U. R. Harris, A. B. Berry, E. Capehart and G. P. Blow, Passed Assistant Engineer W. P. Dunning, Assistant Engineers J. K. Robison and M. E. Reed.

MR. HAINER MADE DISTRICT-ATTORNEY ANOTHER TEST FOR THE TEXAS.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The President to-day appointed Daniel B. Hainer, of Pennsylvania, United States District-Attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania. Mr. Hainer was formerly a member of Congress.

THE RICHARDSON WILL CONTESTS.

er the two wills executed b house" in Harlem was one of the curlosities of that district, were on the calendar before Surrogate Fitzgerald yesterday, and the Surrogate fixed September 27 for the hearing.

By Mr. Richardson's first will, executed in 1991, he

left his estate to George and Dellarifa Richardson. his children by his first wife. By his second will, his children by his first wife. By his second will, made on April 27, 1886, he divided his property equally between his second wife. Emma J., and his two children, with the exception of a bequest of \$80,000 to the Rev. H. M. Warren and the officers of the Central Park Baptist Church.

Both wills have been filed for probate. Mrs Richardson contests the first, while her stepchildren oppose the second will. The value of the estate has been estimated at several million dollars.

A DISPUTE OVER JOHN MARTHUR'S WILL Abraham H. Hummel, on behalf of Mrs. Mary Mc-Arthur, the mother, and Thomas and Charles Mc-Arthur, the brothers of the late John McArthur, applied to Surrogate Fitzgerald yesterday to fix a date for the hearing of Mr. McArthur's will, which is

mittees were appointed to consider plans for the coming season. These plans will be submitted to the meeting of the members in October.

The treasurer, John J. Pulleyn, submitted his report. It shows the club to be in a much more prosperous condition than ever before. Twenty new active and ten non-resident members were elected. Among the former is Magistrate Erann and among the latter Marcus Daly, of Montana.

NEWPORT NOTES.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 14 (Special).-Mrs. Belle Neilson gave a luncheon to-night at the Muench-

iner Cottage. Mrs. Frank Morgan Freeman is a guest of her father-in-law Francis P. Freeman, at Tower Top. Recent arrivals include Hugh O. Beirne, of the British Embassy. E. T. Gerry and his family have gone on the steam yach; Electra for a cruise along the Dela-ware coast. are coast.

Andrew C Dales has rented for the season of 98 the O'Donnell Cottage, at Victoria and Ochre Point aves.

Mrs. C. Nichols Beach gave a dinner to-night at
Heartsease in honor of Governor-General Barker
of Bermuda and Miss Barker.

O. H. P. BELMONT TO SELL HIS MENAGERIE Newport, R. I., Sept. 14 (Special) -Oliver H. P. Belmont, in addition to selling his extensive and Belmont, in addition to selling his extensive and valuable stable, is going to dispose of his celebrated private menagerie. This includes several specimens of the sacred cattle of India and other rare animals. They were imported two or three years ago by Mr. Belmont, and have been since at his country place. Gray Crag Park. They are to be sold more because Mr. Belmont does not feel able to devote to their care the time and attention needed to keep them in good condition. It is understood that the Park Commission of the city of Providence, which already has a large and valuable collection of animals in its public menagerie at Roger Williams Park, has made an offer for the Belmont menagerie, and that others are also negotiating for it.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 14.—De Koven and Smith's new musical comedy, "The Paris Doil," had its first performance at Parsons's Theatre this evening before a large audience. The production was under the stage management of Max Freeman and was witnessed by Reginald De Koven and Harry B. Smith, the authors.

The plot relates to the adventures of a strolling actress, who has a double in the person of a young woman about to marry a duke. Vernora Jarbeau plays a triple role—those of Columbine, the actress; Corese, the duke's intended, and Gaston. Cerese's brother. Messrs. Wayne, Flunkett and Bradshaw are the comedians. under the stage management of Max Freeman

SANGAR GARRISON RELIEVED.

FORT GULISTAN IN A CRITICAL CONDITION -THE MULLAH'S FAILURE.

Simia, Sept. 14.-General Yeatman-Biggs has relieved Sangar, one of the posts on the Samana Ridge, which had been hotly attacked. The garrison had made a sortie and captured a standard. A mounted messenger was sent on by General

Yeatman-Biggs to inform the garrison at Fort Gulistan that relief was coming. The commander also sent guns to the foot of the hills near Fort | Blackburne and Cohn, Englisch and Bardeleben. Guilstan, which shelled the enemy and to some extent diverted attention from the fort.

The enemy are visible in strong force at Sara ghari, and it is feared that, flushed with their success in the capture of that police post, they may attack Fort Gulistan so fiercely that the small garrison will be unable to hold out until General Yeatman-Biggs arrives. The severe drouth greatly hampers the General's advance, and altogether the situation at Samana is alarm-

There are now fifty-nine thousand men and ninety guns, including Maxims, on the frontier and in the garrisons. Everything is ready for the advance from Shabkadr. The men are in splendid condition. The lower Mohmands on the border are anxious to submit on any terms. spiendid condition. The lower Monmands on the border are anxious to submit on any terms, but the main body is still determined to fight. It is reported that the Mullah of Haddah has falled to raise the gathering he expected, and will retire to Tirah.

will retire to Tirah.

The principal difficulty which the Mohmand punitive expedition has encountered thus far is in getting stores and transport animals to the front. The entire railway between Peshawur and Meerut is practically blocked from lack of locomotives. Long lines of loaded trucks are waiting to be forwarded. All the available trains are being used to hurry the troops to the front. Sir Pertab Hingh, Maharajah of Patiala, has

AS THE AUSTRIAN EMPEROR'S GUEST.

THE VISIT OF KING CHARLES WILL CELEBRATE

RUMANIA'S ADDESION TO THE DREIBUND. Budapest, Sept. 14-It is announced here that King Charles of Rumania will arrive here as the ghest of Emperor Francis Joseph, on September 27. The visit was arranged by the sovereigns of the Dreibind, at Homburg, and is intended as a public demonstration of Rumania's adhesion to the Turchurg.

BRITONS HOLDING THEIR OWN.

still supreme in the best classes of goods, with the tern, in supplying which the United States is most successful, although Canada is often a successful competitor in these lines. Foreign competition, if competitor in these lines. Foreign competition, if appears, is most noticeable in cheap limitations of British gueds, which are more suitable for the greater portion of the Colonial market and threaten to supplant the bester class of trade.

ST. ALGUSTINE'S CENTENARY.

AN IMPOSING CELEBRATION ON THE ISLAND THANKE

England, Sept. 14.-The Roman Catholical hierarchy at Educates, Isle of Thanes, near necessibly and to-day the thirteenth centenary of the landing of St. Augustine in England. The process Washington, Sept. 11.—The Navai Examining Board has reported these officers for retirement; Captain George W. Coffin, Lieutenant C. A. Clarke, Lieutenant Ridgley Hunt and A.

> MAXIMILIAN'S WIDOW SERIOUSLY IIL Brussels, Sept. 14.—Charlotte, ex-Empress of Mex-

Marie Charlotte Amélie August Victoire Clémen-Washington, Sept. 14.—The battle-ship Texas has been ordered to sail from Hampton Roads for the New-York Navy Yard, to be docked on September of Suppostant Suppostan to Maximilian, afterward Emperor of Mexico, who almost node, was tried and shot so Jim 19, 180. Maximilian almost node. press to Paris, with instructions to ask Naposcon III for more effectual aid, but she falled entirely in her mission, and proceeded to Italy, where her reason gave away in consequence of the troubles she had already undergone and in view of those which she foresaw for ser husband. She was eventually removed to the Palace of Lacken, near Brussels, and, according to report, during her hidd intervals she has since employed her time in writing memoirs of the history of the Mexican Empire.

BARON DE COURCEUS SUCCESSOR.

London Sept La—The Paris correspondent of The Paris Correspondent of The Paris Graphic Says that Jules Cambon, Governor-General of Algeria, has been appointed Could there be a better drawn platforn French Ambassador to Great Britain, in succession to Baron de Courcel, who presented his letters of recall to Queen Victoria at Windsor last March. Julea Martin Cambon is a younger brother of

Pierre Paul Cambon, the French Ambassador to Turkey. He was born in Paris on April 5, 1845, and

payable in six or twelve months, at the option of the holders, to the amount of £2,500,000, has accepted tenders at £37 5s. 3d. payable in a year.

London, Sept. 14.—There were many Americans in the Marylebone Police Court this morning when Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Serge de Niel, otherwise known as the "Duke and Duchess of Rio Grande," the female prisoner being an alleged American and claiming relationship to ex-Senator Conger, of Michigad were brought up on remand, charged with defrauding hotels and boarding-houses. The prisoners had friends in court who contributed to pay the tills they had incurred, expecting that their prosecution would be stopped. The magistrate, however, remarked. "This is a very serious case, and cannot be settled so lightly. The appearance of the prisoners is against them, and there seems to have been a systematic scheme for robbery." Both prisoners were then formally committed for trial. They were subsequently released on ball furnished by the friends they had in court.

FRENCH IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Paris, Sept. 14.—The imports for the last eight months have increased 12,026,000 francs, compared with the imports for the first eight months of 1896, and the exports have increased 203,938,000 francs during the first ciph: months of the present year, compared with the same period of 1896.

THE SILK TRADE IN JAPAN.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 14.-"The Japan Mail," discussing the silk trade, savs: "Prices in Japan are now steadily rising, orders on a large scale having been received from abroad by many of the firms in Yekohama. No considerable sales were effected on Monday last on account of the scarcity of goods of suitable quality, 250 bales only being taken."

"THE PARIS DOLL" PLAYED IN HARTFORD. JUBILEE EXHIBITION IN ST. JOHN, N. B. St. John, N. B., Sept. 14.-Premier Laurier arrived here shortly before 2 o'clock and was received at the Canadian Pacific Railway station by an enthusiastic multitude. A guard of honor was present. After an address of welcome by the Mayor, he was driven to the Dufferin Hotel. At 3 o'clock he opened the Jubilee Exposition. The city is thronged with people from all parts of the Province.

> DOCKHANDS MAY STRIKE AT HAVRE. Paris, Sept. 14.-A great dock strike is imminent at liavre, in consequence of a refusal by the em-ployers to grant an increase in wages.

STEADY CHESS AT BERLIN.

NATIONAL TOURNAMENT. Berlin, Sept. 14.-The second round of the international chess tournament (round five of the origi- ONE FOUND IN SCRANTON, MISS.-THE DISEASE nal schedule) was begun at the Architekten Haus. Wilhelm-strasse, in this city, this morning at 9 o'clock, when the pairing was as follows: Zinkf and Walbrodt, Caro and Tschigorin, Winawer and Teichmann, Alapin and Janowski, Albin and Metger, Charousek and Marco, Albin and Schlechter, and Burn and Suechting.

The results of to-day's play are appended: Walbrodt beat Zinki on the first board; the games for the second, third and fourth boards, played between Caro and Tschigorin, Winawer and Teichmann and care and isonizorin, winawer and recommant and Alapin and Janowski, respectively, were drawn. Albin and Metger adjourned their game the second time. The contests on the sixth and seventh boards between Charousek and Marco and Schiffers and Schlechter, respectively, were drawn. Biaskburne beat Cohn on the eighth board, as did English beat Bardeleben on the sinth, and Burn and Suechting drew their game on the tenth board. ting drew their game on the tenth board.
The game left unfinished vesterday between Caro and Winawer was also declared a draw.
The scores follow:

*Adjourned game.

CUBA NOT TO BE PACIFIED.

THE SPANISH GOVERNMENT WEAK - WEYLER LIKELY TO STAY IN THE ISLAND.

London, Sept. 15.—"The Times's" correspondent at San Sebastian comments this morning on the aimost complete indifference displayed by repre-entative men regarding the extremely critical political situation." He says: "Ministers, generals, diplomatists and public men of all parties and of every variety of ounion merely shrug their shoulders when Cuba is mentioned. The present Government is weak in the extreme; but there is no
sign that the Liberals are any hetter organized.
Captain-deneral Weyler will probably be retained
in Cuba out of deference to the personal wishes of
the late Premier Schercanovas del Castillo. But experience forces the conviction that Cuba will never
be pacified by military operations. The question
arises whether the United Schee could be induced to
stop American supplies to the insurgents. If no,
there is no doubt the rebellion would soon collapse.
The difficulties would be great; but the question
ought seriously to occupy the attention of Spanish
statesmen. very variety of opinion merely shrug their shoul-

London, Sept. 14—A Blue Book has been issued giving the replies of the Colonial Governors to the dispatch of the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Joseph Chamberlain, in 1886, sent with the dispatch of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, ing out is spreading considerably. He adds that Joseph Chamberlain, in 1886, sent with the view of the situation in the Philippine Islands is serious, ascertaining the extent of the displacement of British goods by foreign goods. The main conclusions not be viewed with indifference, and expresses the artists of the situation in the viewed with indifference, and expresses the belief that a reconciliation between the political parties in Spain is impossible so long as the Con-servatives are in power Senor Sagasta further

DENIALS BY AZCARRAGA.

Madrid, Sept. 14.—General Azearraga, Fremier and Minister of War, denies that the Cuban insurgents have captured San Andres and Consolation or either of them. He also denies that General Luque has been compelled to retire on Manzanillo.

CONCERN ABOUT THE BANK OF SPAIN Madrid, Sept. 11.—The position of the Bank of Madrid, Sept 11—The postered of the Pank Of Spain continues to concern commercial circles greenly, owing to its immense inche circulation. Faris exchange his reached \$1.50\$, the highest on record As the hank has lent the State [25:00,000 pescus, repayable, without interest, in [32], its affairs would become critical in the event of the lank incurring lowers or loans, in the absence of sofficient guarantees against current accounts and note circulation.

FUNERAL OF CAPTAIN VON HAHNKE.

NEW GERMAN LRONGLAD LAUNCHED. Withelmshaven, Sept. 11.—The new German iron-

Could there be a better drawn platform than this for the Republican party? As it is canceded, and was so before the Chinesis Union moved or Mr. Low had given a sign of a need to take the public.

A FINAL DECISION RENDERED BY IUNGS SLACK of was so before the cliness canon moved or all low had given a sign of emismit to take the public office, that the regular Republican party in these clines cannot command a majority of votes, what possible candidate and platform could be found more fit to unite the opposition to Fammany than we have here? And what does the question of Republicans if they have presented this true and the life and date and platform?

Prom The Brooklyn Eagle

The tentailve and somewhat hampered position which he occupies to-lay, in short, the argumentative purpose of his letter, accounts for the tone of precision, avoidance and compromise, in unison or in alternation which marks his acceptance. In this respect the letter is really state-smanishe in a sense that, while not partisan, it is profoundly politic, if not indeed, political, it is a model of statement and reservation, and of both with a definite object, while at the same time it will stand critical examination and will be found dotted with attractive incidental propositions that, to say the least, will not repel support.

CONFIRMING THE PEOPLE'S CONFIDENCE.

From The Times.

People have confidence in him, they know that he has had experience, and they are willing to trust him with the powers of the great office of Mayor of New-York. His letter will confirm their confidence. They will see by its terms that they have not been mistaken in their choice of a candidate. Mr. Low has strengthened himself and the non-partisan movement by the deliverances of the letter, and no part of it is more acceptable and fortifying than his complete abjuration of partisan interest.

THE EXCISE PARAGRAPH. From The World.

From The World.

The paragraph on the excise question in Low's letter of acceptance is of a piece and patt with the rest of that admirable document. It characteristic of the man. It foreshadows successioud he be called upon to redeem his piedge try to make an administration that will be hop-broad-minded, efficient and businesslike, and conderate of the interests of every citizen.

STRAIGHTFORWARD AND POINTED. From The Commercial Advertiser.

From The Commercial Advertiser.

With his general statements concerning the duty of public officers to serve the people above all else, the right of the city to its franchises and just compensation for their use, and the necessity of hastening rapid transit and promoting school and business interests, all friends of good government are in accord, and they will applaud his straightforwardness and pointedness in making them. THE REVERSE OF DEMAGOGY.

From The Newark Advertiser.

Mr. Low is also an advocate of public improvements. He wants rapid transit, inter-borough tunnels, river bridges, dock and harbor improvements, etc. This is not the talk of a demagogue, seeking votes, but the calm and deliberate judgment of a highly educated citizen thoroughly trained in public affairs and imbued with patriotic zeal for the interests of city and Nation.

DRAWN GAMES A FEATURE OF THE INTER- TWO REPORTED FROM MOBILE BY DR. GUITERAS.

IN NEW-ORLEANS NOT OF A MALIGNANT TYPE.

Washington, Sept. 14.-To-night's advices from the yellow fever district contained the following information: Surgeon Carter reports another case in Scranton, Miss, against the spread of which precautions have been taken. From Mobile, Ala., Dr. Guiteras reports two new cases in one house in the southern part of the city near the locality of the case reported this morning, and where the disease, Dr. Gulieras says, will begin to assume an epidemic form. Dr. Guiteras has been ordered to proceed to Edwards, Miss., to examine a sus-

picious case of sickness. New-Orleans, Sept. 14.-At nightfull the books of the Board of Health showed the following recapitulation of the day's developments in the yellow fever situation. "There had been reported to the Board for investigation twenty-six cases, which the attending physicians considered suspicious. Of these thirteen cases had been found suffering with harmless fever, five were regarded as suspictous, but necessary to be further investigated before a definite report could be made on them. There were no reports as to four cases and four had been pronounced genuine yellow fever, though one of the latter was classed as of a mild type.

Of course the report of new cases daily is creating alarm in some quarters, but thus far the disease has shown little malignancy, only one death occurring

demic.

President Olipant, of the Board of Health, said to-night: 'I repeat to-night what I have said to you heretofore. Of course, it is an unpleasant task to have to report the appearance of new cases. Still, we should not be surprised if other cases appear daily for some time; now many, I am not prepared to say. That is of course, to be expected from the extended intercourse that has existed between New-Orienan and the infected places on the Gulf Coust and from the tardiness with which the character of the fever at Ocean Springs was finally established. So far, however, as the fever in New-Guif Coast and troop character of the fever at Ocean Springs was finally established. So far, however, as the fever in New-Orleans is concerned, you may say that we are convinced that the disease is not spreading beyond the limits of the places which we are quarantining. I mean, for instance, that it has not extended beyond one side of the square on St. Claude-st., in which it was originally found. This prevention of a spread goes to prove the efficiency of our sanitary coast quarantine regulations." which it was originally found. Ints prevention of a spread goes to prove the efficiency of our sanitary methods and quarantine regulations."
This aftermoon a new case of fever was reported at Barclay. There were several new cases reported at Ocean Springs, and of the number ill at Blioxi of the were reported as suffering with yellow fever. At Ocean Springs Dr. Wasdin, of the Marine Hospital staff, is receiving the best attention, and it it is hoped that he will pull through in a few days.

QUARANTINE DECLARED BY SPAIN. Madrid, Sept. 14.-The "Official Gazette" to-day announces that all vessels arriving in Spain from ports between New-Orleans and Ocean Springs, Miss., will be subjected to quarantine.

OBITUARY.

remarks:

'In my opinion the Cortes will not meet, but, if they do meet their existence is ephemeral.'

The laberal leader refused to express himself regarding the relations between the United States and Spain.

John H. Crane, a former Congressman, will be buried to-morrow as Presport, L. I. He died in this different paralytic stroke, at the home of his daughter. Mrs. De Sate.

THE REV. DR. W. A. NILES.

The Rev. Dr. William A. Niles, for thirty-five years one of the leading Presbyterian ministers of Western New-York, died yesterday at the home of his son, in Trumansburg, N Y, at the age of seventy-four years. Dr. Niles recently returned from a six months' trip to China, where he had spent the six months trip to China, where he had spent the winter with his daughter. He was born in Binghamton, and was graduated from Williams College in the class of T. He then took a course in Anisara Theological Seminary, At various times he had pastorates in Wateriown, Wis. Corning, N. Y. and for a while he was connected with the German Theological Seminary in Bioomsfield, N. J. Wille a pastor at Corning, N. Y. he became connected with the Christian Commission, and went to the front during the war. For a long time he conducted the Sunday-school department of "The New-York Evangelist."

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

THE SONORA LINE MAY BE TRANSFERRED. San Francisco, Sept. 11 -A party of Southern Paclad Kaller Withelm der Zweite was launched here to-dry. She was named by Princess Henry of Prussia.

**CAN SHE BE MRS. LULTGERT!*

Chicago Sept 11—A woman, demented and almost nide, was found in the woods near Melines of the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been made and the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company of the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company of the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been Mojave and the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company. The Sonora Bailway has been traded by the Santa P8 to the Southern Pacific Company. cine officials has departed for Mexico for an in-

month. Her description is said to tally in many respects with that of the missing Mrs. Lucisert. Beyond sending out a tall description of Mrs. Lucisert. Beyond sending out a tall description of Mrs. Lucisert, the Chicago authorities have taken no action in the marter, as they do not believe that the woman is Lucigert's wife.

RUMORS OF ST. PAUL CHANGES REVIVED.

Foreign mais for the week anding September 18, 1807, will close (promptly in all cases at the General Poststan College (promptly in all cases) occur at any time.

Foreign mais for the words and sold close (promptly in all cases of poststance) occur at any time.

Foreign mais for the week anding September 18, 1807, will close (promptly in all cases of poststance) occur at any time.

Foreign mais for the week anding September 18, 1807, will close (promptly in all cases of poststance) occur at any time.

Foreign mais for the week anding September 18, 1807, will close (promptly in all cases) of the Chicago Milwaukee and St. that presidency of the Chicago Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroud was revived vesterday. It is said that Mr. Miller upon his retirement will become that the Mr. Miller upon his retirement will become that the Mr. Miller upon his retirement will become that the Mr. Miller upon his retirement will become the Mr. Miller upon his retirement will be a miller the Mr. Miller upon his retirement will be a miller the Mr. Miller upon his retirement will be a miller the Mr. Miller upon his retireme the woman is Luctger's wife.

MR. LOW'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

A PLATFORM FOR THE REPUBLICANS.

Paul Railroad was revived yesterlay. It is said that Mr. Miller upon his retirement will become chairman of the Executive Board. This change, it is said, will be effected at the annual meeting next is said, will be effected at the annual meeting next is said, will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said, will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said, will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said. Will be effected at the annual meeting next is said.

THE ANGUSTRAVEN CASE ENDED.

IN FAVOR OF THE HEIRS OF

SENATOR FAIR San Francisco, Sept. 14 - The famous case of An-San Francisco, Sept. 14. The famous case of Angus versus Craven, by which the executors and hours of Senator James G. Fair sought to quiet the title of Mrs. Nettle B. Craven, a school-teacher of this city, to two pieces of property a Ransom and Mission are valued at \$1,000,000, was dually decided for the plaintiff and the interveners to-day by Superior Judge Slack, sitting as a Chancelor in anyte.

piled to Surrogate Fizzerald yesterday 16 fix a date for the hearing of Mr. McArthur's will, which is contested by his brother Joseph and his sister Catherne, who is a Sister of Charly? The Surrogate the trial down for a street field of hursal to the Algerina Government in 1879 he was made general secretary of heart of the proponents of the will.

MANAGERS OF THE CATHOLIC CLUB.

The Board of Managers of the Catholic Club met for organization at the rooms of the cub, No. 129

West Fifty-ninth-st., last evening. Justice Joseph for the Catholic Club met miltes were ampointed to consider plans for the coming season. These plans will be submitted to the months of the members in October.

And the first of the proponents of the will.

Managers of the Catholic Club met for organization at the rooms of the cub, No. 129

West Fifty-ninth-st., last evening. Justice Joseph Theodometry of the first of the proportion of the most conspicuous principle in the formally adopted by supporting to have been adapted in Six or twelve months, at the option of the members in October.

The Board of Managers of the Catholic Club met for organization at the rooms of the cub, No. 129

West Fifty-ninth-st., last evening. Justice Joseph and the complete for organization of the cub, presided, and complete for organization of the cub, presided, and complete for organization of the members in October.

The Board of Managers of the Catholic Club met for organization at the rooms of the cub, No. 129

West Fifty-ninth-st., last evening. Justice Joseph and the proportion of the cub, presided, and complete for organization of the cub, presided, and complete for organization of the most conspicuous principle in the formally adopted by formally never been acknowledged by James G. Fair before
J. I cooney, the notary, as asserted, and that
therefore the acknowledgments attached thereto
were also forgeties. As to the third issue, Judge
S. ack held that there was no evidence of a conspiracy existing between Mrs. Craven, Mrs. Haskins and Mr. Cooney which had for its object the
line.

The defendant's counsel asked for and obtained a
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the fair estate, except by inference.

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the fair estate, except by inference.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

A STORM IN THE NORTHWEST Washington, Sept. 14.-The storm to the north of Mon-

low in North Carolina. An area of high pressure is cer tral in the lower St. Lawrence Valley and a second off the North Pacific coast. Northwesterly winds from the latter have caused a decided fall in temperature in the Missouri Valley and the northern plateau, Medicine Hat reporting a fail of 30 degrees and Swift Current 24 defallen in the lower Lake region and New-England; it risen in the upper Lake region and has remained nearly stationary elsewhere. Showers have taken place in the Middle and West Gulf States and the lower Missouri

DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY. For New-England, generally fair; northwesterly winds, becoming variable.

For Eastern New-York, fair; cooler in extreme southern portion; northeasterly winds.

For Eastern Pennsylvania and New-Jersey, partly roudy weather; cooler; northeasterly winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS HOURS: Morning. Night, 123456789101 In this diagram a continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording therm-meter. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.

MORE YELLOW FEVER CASES. tween 68 and 78 degrees, the average (74%) being 4% degrees lower than on the corresponding day last year and 3% lower than pesterday. The weather to-day is likely to be fair and cooler.

LIVES MAY HAVE BEEN LOST IN THE FIRE. Redding, Cal., Sept. 14.-A fire at Ironton Mountain, fifteen miles northwest of this place, has destroyed property belonging to the Mountain Copper Company valued at nearly \$30,000. Two men employed in the compressor-room are believed to have lost their lives. Among the kuildings burned wer the house of Superintendent F.E. Wilson, the assay house, the oil house, the reading-room and row of seven cottages. The origin of the fire inknown.

The easiest thing to give children for a Cold, and the most effective remedy is Dr. D. Jayne's Ex-

MARRIED.

States Navy.

FORD-WH PPLE-A: Brookside, Laurens, Otrego County, N. Y., on Thursday, September 9, 1807, by the Rev.

L. L. Greene, Alice May Whitpole, youngest daughter
of David Whitpole, to Dr. Morton Louis Ford, of
Oneonta, N. Y.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be in-dorsed with full name and address.

BRITTIN-At Madison, N. J., entered into rest Tuesday, September 14, William Jackson Brittin, in the 82d year

FLEMING-At Rye, N. Y., on the 14th inst., Annie R., wife of Charles G. Fleming and daughter of John wife of Charles G. Frennes.

Funeral services at Christ Church on Thursday morning at 11:15 o'clock.

Carriages will meet the 10 o'clock train from New-York.

Carriages will be the 10 o'clock train from New-York. GOVIN-On Sunday, September 12. Lulas Carlota, daughter of Rosa Tejada and the late Rafael Govin.
Funeral on Wednerday, September 15, at 10 a m. from

Havana and Paris papers please copy.

HUTCHINSON—Suddenly, at Crawford, N. H., on September 11, Dr. Morison Thomas Hutchinson, son of the late Gardiner Spring and Arianna Morison, in his Sidyear.

Funeral strictly private, at his late residence, Englewood, N. J.

N. J.

N. J.

MOFFET—At Gien Ridge, N. J., September 11, 1867,
James, only son of the late James G. and Maria Moffet,
61 years old.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend
the funeral from the residence of his sister, Mrs. R. M.

Maxwell, No. 161 West 44th-st., on Wednesday, 15th
inst. at 11:20 a. no.

Interment at Woodlawn.

ROHMAN, for Monday, September 13, Samuel Rohman.

New-iors.

SANDERSON-On Tuesday, September 1s, Mabel T.,
younger daughter of Charles E. and Ella L. Sanderson,
in the lith year of her age.
Funeral services at her late residence, No. 239 McDonough-st. Brooklyn, Friday, September 17, at 8 p. m.

THORN-Suddenly, on Tuesday, September 14, Heary F.
Thorn,
Notice of funeral hereafter.

Woodlawn Cemetery, Office, No. 20 E. 23d-st. diawn Station (24th Ward), Harlem Railroad.

Tribune Terms to Mail Subscribers.

Carpet Cleaning .- J. & W. Williams, 853

old he read DAHLY by all interested, as charges may

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA. WEST INDIES. ETC.

WEDNESDAY—At it a m. complementary 11:30 a. m.) for Venezuela and Curacaa, also Savanilla and Carchagana, via Curacaa, per s. s. Venezuela; at 1 p. m. for Cuba, per s. s. Seguranca, via Havana; at 1 p. m. for Barbalco direct and North Brazil, via Fara and Maraus, per s. s. Origen, at 2 p. m. for Porto Rico direct, per s. s. Arkadia.

THURSD: Y—A: 2:30 a. m. for Port Antonio, per steamer from Philadelphia. at 12:30 p. m. (supplementary 1 p. m.) for St. Thomas St. Croix, Leeward and Wintiward Islands, per s. s. Carobae lietters for Grenala. Trinidad and Tohago must be directed "per Caribbee".

BAINBRIDGE HOFF-ROOSEVELT-At Skaneateles, N. Y. September 14, 1897, by the Rev. Frank N. Westdott, Louise Dean, daughter of the late Nicholas Latrobe Roosevelt, to Ensign Arthur Rainbridge-Hoff, United States Navy

DIED.

September 14. William Jackson British, of his age.

September 14. William Jackson British, of his age.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence, at Madison, on Thursday, September 16, at 2 p. m.

BRYAN — At Hudson, N. Y., on Saturday, the 11th inst., William Bryan, late Editor of "The Hudson Republican" aged Tyeas, N. Y., on Sunday morning, September 19. N. Y., on Sunday morning, September 19.

can " aged Ti years.

CRANE—At Pawling, N. Y., on Sunday morning, September 12, Louise A. Crane, youngest daugnter of Anne M and the late Rufus E. Crane.

Funeral, private f on her late residence, No. 111 West 42d-st., New-York City.

DE LA MERE—Suddenly, at Wickford R. I., September 19, Gertrude (Gettie) P. De la Mere, eldest daughter of the late Edward and Mary B. Phelan, of Alabama.

ter of Rosa Tejada and the late Rafael Govin.
Funeral on Wednesday. September 15, at 10 a.m. from
St. Stephon's Church, 28th-st., between Lexington and
3d axes.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend.
Havana and Paris papers please copy.

ROHMAN—On Monday, September 13, Samuel Rohman, in the 78th year of his age. Funeral from his late residence, No. 141 St. Paul's-ave., Stapieton, Staten Island, on Wednesday, September 15.

VAN CLEAF-At the Mansion House, Brooklyn, Sep-tember 11, 1807, Gerald Lester Van Cleaf, aged 1 year and 1 months, youngest son of John C. and J. Eliza-beth Vin Cleaf. Pineral services on Wednesday, September 15, at 8 p. m. Interment private.

Suerial Notices.

Daily, \$10 a year; \$1 per month. Daily, without Sunday, \$8 a year, 90 cents per month. Sunday Tribune, \$2 a year, Weekly, \$1. Semi-Weekly, \$2. POSTAGE—Extra postage is charged to foreign countrie, except Nexico and Canada, and on the daily in New-REMITTANCES, if sent in cash, unregistered, will be at

the owner's risk.

MAIN OFFICE—154 Nassau-st.
UPTOWN OFFICE—1-212 Breadway.

AMERICANS ABROAD will find The Tribune at:
London—office of The Tribune, 149 Fleet-st.
Morton, Rose & Ca., Bartholomow House, E. C.
Brown, Gould & Co., 54 New Oxford-st.
Thomas Cook & Son. Ludgate Circus.
Paris—J. Munrue & Co., 7 Rue Scribe.
Hottingue & Co., 38 Rue de Provence.
Mirran, Harjes & Co., 31 Roulevard Haussmann.
Credit Lyonnais, Bureau des Etrangers.
Thomas Cook & Son. I Place de l'Opera.
Geneva—Londard, Odder & Co., and Union Bank.
Flurence—Wi thy & Co.
Vienna—Angle-Austrian Bank.
St. Petersburg—Credit Lyonnais.
The London office of The Tribune is a convenient place
to leave advertisements and subscriptions. People Used to Go to England

Postoffice Notice.

will close (promptly in all cases) at the General Postoffice as follows: Parcels post mults close one hour earlier
than closing time shown below

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

WEDNESDAY—At 7 a. m. (supplementary 9 a. m.) for
Europe, per 8 a. 'St. Paul, via Southampton (letters
for Ireland must be directed 'per St. Paul'); a 19 a.
m. (supplementary 19:30 a. m.) for Europe, per 8 a.
"Teuropic, via Queenstown, at 10 a. m. for Belgium
direct per 8 a. Kensington, via Antwerp (letters must
be directed 'per Kensington').

THURSDAY—At 7 a. m. for Europe, per 8 a. "F. Bismarck. via Pirmount, Cherbourg and Hamburg; at 5
a. m. for Netherlands direct, per 8 a. Werkendam, via
a. m. for Netherlands direct, per 8 a. Werkendam, via
a. m. for Netherlands direct, per 8 a. Werkendam, via
b. Aut. (1.3) a. m. for France. Switzerland,
fraly Spain Portugal, Turker, Egypt and British India,
firsty Spain Portugal, Turker, Egypt and British India,
firsty Spain Portugal, Turker, Egypt and Etters for other
parts of Europe, via Cherbourg and Bromen, must be
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directed 'per Campanis' at 8 a. m. for Genma, per a. & Werter destreamust be directed 'per Weren'), at 10 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. & Anchoris, via Giasgow Cetters
must be directed 'per derma', at 10 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. & Anchoris, via Giasgow Cetters
must be directed 'per derma', at 10 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. & Thingvalla Genrers

After the similar of the Supplementary Transallantic Mails named above, additional supplementary mails are opened in the piers of the American, English, French and the main steamers, and remain open until within Ten Minutes of the hour of realine of estames.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA, WEST

Wintward Learnie per s. Carinose lietiers for Grenneals. Trinidad and Tobaso must be directed "per Caribbee".

SATIRDAY—At 5 a. m. for La Plata countries direct,
per s. Cyrene; at 5 s. m. for Rio Janeiro and Santos,
per s. S. Strabo deleters for other jacts of Brazil must
be directed "per Strabo"; at 10 a. m. for La
Plata countries direct, per s. s. Merida; at 10
a. m. (supplementary 10:30 a. m. for Fortune
Jaiand, Jamaica. Savanilla and Grestown, per s. s.
Altai detters for Costa Rica must be directed "per
Altai" at 10 a. m. (supplementary 10:10 a. m.) for
Port au Prince Perit Geave, Jeremie and Carthagena,
per s. s. Alps; at 10:30 a. m. for Campeche, Chiapas,
Tatasso and Yucatan, per s. a. Coocho delters for other
parts of Mexico and for cuba must be directed "per
Concho"; at 10:30 a. m. for Hait, Cumana and Cartiper concho"; at 10:30 a. m. for Hait, Cumana and CartiRich Cartinas must be directed "per
Concho"; at 10:30 a. m. for Hait, Cumana and CartiCultana must be directed "per Prins Willem III"); at
S.20 p. m. for St Pierre-Miquelon, per steamer from
North Sydney
North Sydney

North Sydney

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at \$20 p. m. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at \$20 p. m. Mails for Cuba close at this office daily at 7 a. m. for forwarding by steamers sailing Mondays and Thursdays from Port Tampa Fia. Mails for Mexico City overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 2:30 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. tRegistered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

FRANSPACIETY. f p m. previous day. TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for Australia (except West Australia), New-Zekiand, Hawaii and Fiji Islanda, per s. a. Warrimoo (from Vancouver), close here daily after 'September 10 and up to September 13 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China. Japas and Hawaii, per s. s. Gaelic (from San Francisco), close here daily up to September 13 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per s. s. Tacoma (from Tacoma), close here daily up to 'September 19 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for the Society Islanda, per ship Tropic Bird (from San Francisco), close here daily up to September 24 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for the Society Islanda, per s. s. Australia (from San Francisco), close here daily up to September 20 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan (specially addressed only), per s. s. Empress of India (from Vancouver), close here daily up to October 4 at 6:30 p. m. Mails for Australia (except those for West Australia, which are forwarded via Europe), New-Zealand, Hawaii, Fiji and Samoan Islands, per s. s. Moana (from San Francisco), close here daily up to October 8 at 7:30 a. m., il a. m. and 6:30 p. m. for on arrival at New-York of s. s. Campania with British mails for Australia).

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of salling daily and the achedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit, Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

CORNELIUS VAN COTT, Postmaster, Postomice, New-York N. Y., September 10, 1897.

Tribune Office, Sept. 15, I a. m.—The weather yesterday was fair and cooler. The temperature ranged be-